# Almanac study on forecasting annual rainfall

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Abstract: An analysis was taken up to find out the validity of forecasting annual rainfall by using Tamil almanae information and 90 years (1909-1999) historical rainfall data of Coimbatore. The results revealed that the annual rainfall of a particular Tamil year in a cycle was not the same for the corresponding Tamil year in the fourth-coming cycle and one can expect an opposite event. There was no correlation between occurrence of rainfall at specific dates and total annual rainfall. Between dates of rainfall within a Tamil year had correlation.

Key words : Rainfall forecasting, Tamil almanac.

## Introduction

Rainfall is the end product of many complex atmospheric processes. Attempt to predict rainfall scientifically on temporal and spatial basis is going on from the time immemorial. During the early history of India, based on astronomical observations almanac was prepared and used for rainfall prediction. Tamil almanacs were also prepared based on 60 Tamil years and used to understand the future occurrence of rainfall events. There are 60 Tamil years, which follow a definite cyclic pattern, which has both head and tail ends. In this cycle, the Tamil year Prabava comes as the first year and the Tamil year Akhsaya terminates as the 60th year in that 60 year cycle. Each Tamil year consists of 12 months viz. Chithirai, Vaikasi, Aani, Aadi, Aavani, Puratasi, Iyppasi, Karthigai, Markhazhi, Thai, Masi and Panguni. Such one 60 years cycle was started during 1927-'28 in this generation and terminated during 1986-'87 and a fresh cycle has commenced from 1987-'88 with the year name Prabava and this cycle would be completed at 2047-'48.

According to Almanac information, the quantum of annual rainfall of a particular Tamil year in a cycle will be repeated for the corresponding Tamil year in the forth-coming cycles. Similarly, occurrence of rainfall at specific dates in a month of a Tamil year would bring copious annual rainfall during that particular Tamil year. Based on these hypothesizes, a scientific study was taken up to find out the validity of the hypothesizes through simple correlation (Kawanchai et al. 1984).

## Materials and Methods

The analysis was carried out in two phas as directed below.

Phase I: Repeatability of tamil year rainf.

Daily rainfall data for the period of 19 to 1999 were collected for the study purpo from the Department of Agricultural Meteorolog Tamil Nadu Agricultural University, Coimbaton The Tamil years normally start by April 1. and end by April 13th of the next year. Henc rainfal from April 14 to next year April were added to get the annual rainfall of the particular Tamil year. Accordingly the rainfa data collected from 1908 to 1999 were cumulate into annual rainfall for the concerned Tam year. For computation of the quantum of the annual rainfall, the Tamil year cycle starting from 1927-'28 to 1986-'87 was taken as th base cycle and the annual rainfall quantity of these years was categorised into different categorie based on India Meteorological Department (IME standard classification. The IMD standar classification is as follows:

Normal: ± 19% of the mean annual rainfal

Wet : + 19 to + 59 of the mean annua

rainfall

Excess : > + 59% of the mean annual rainfal

Deficit: -19% to -59% of the mean annua

rainfall

Dry : -59% to -99% of the mean annual

rainfall

For vertification purpose, the subsequent cycle, which has started from 1987-'88, was

able 1. Total rainfall (mm) for corresponding Tamil year

mil year	English year	Rainfall (April 14 – April 13)	Predicted
rabava	1027.20		
bava	1927-28 1928-29	576	Normal
kkla		435	Deficit
amothutha	1929-30	619	Normal
	1930-31	939	Wet
ajothpathi	1931-32	529	Normal
igirasa -	1932-33	705	Normal
imuga	1933-34	707	Normal
iva	1934-35	560	Normal
va -	1935-36	493	Deficit
athu	1936-37	492	Deficit
nvara -	1937-38	502	Deficit
aghuthanya	1938-39	378	Deficit
amathi	1939-40	621	Normal
krama ·	1940-41	927	Wet
shu	1941-42	684	Normal
hithirabanu	1942-43	664	Normal
vabanu	1943-44	574	Normal
araha	1944-45	843	Wet
rthiva			
	1945-46	695	Normal
vaya	1946-47	975	Wet
rvajith	1947-48	242	Dry
vathari	1948-49	520	Deficit
rothi -	1949-50	469	Deficit
krutha	1950-51	522	Normal
ara	1951-52	505	Deficit
inthana	1952-53	392	Deficit
jaya	1953-54	817	Wet
ya	1954-55	620	Normal
anmatha	1955-56	447	Deficit
urmugi	1956-57	645	Normal
yvilambi	1957-58	902	Wet
lambi	1857-59	572	Normal
kari	1959-60	878	Wet
rvari	1960-61	645	Normal
lava	1961-62	772	Wet
bhakiruth	1962-63	775	Wet
	1963-64	406	Deficit
bhakiruth	1964-65	741	Normal
ırothi		552	Normal
chvavasu	1965-66	753	Normal
rabava	1966-67	413	Deficit
lavanga	1967-68		Deficit
relaga	1968-69	355	Normal
owmya	1969-70	688	
tharana -	1970-71	371	Deficit
rothikiruth	1971-72	751	Normal
rithabi	1972-73	1073	Excess
amathesa	1973-74	720	Normal
antha-	1974-75	365	Deficit
ikshasa	1975-76	632	Normal
ala -	1976-77	519	Deficit
ngala	1977-78	995	Wet

contd...

Tamil year	English year	Rainfall (April 14 – April 13)	Predicted
Kalayukthi	1978-79	741	Normal Excess Normal Normal Normal Wet Wet Norma Deficit
Chiththarthi	1979-80	1188	
Routhri	1980-81	716	
Thuirmathi	1981-82	751	
Thunthubi	1982-83	622	
Ruthirouthkari	1983-84	865.5	
Rakthakshi	1984-85	790	
Kurothana	1985-86	525	
Akshaya	1986-87	473	

Table 2. Prediction of annual rainfall trend for 1987-'88 to 2047-'48 cycle by using base Tamil year cycle (60 years)

(oo year	3)			
Tamil year	English year	Rainfall (April 14 – April 13)	Predicted	Observed
Prabava	1987-88	687	Normal	Normal
Vibava	1988-89	558	Deficit	Normal
Sukkla	1989-90	623	Normal	Normal
Pramothutha	1990-91	568	Wet	Normal
Prajothpathi	1991-92	446	Normal	Deficit
Angirasa	1992-93	801	Normal	Wet
Srimuga	1993-94	839	Normal	Wet
Bava	1994-95	680	Normal	Normal
Yuva	1995-96	643	Deficit	Normal
Thathu	1996-97	704.9	Deficit	Normal
Eswara	1997-98	899.4	Deficit	Wet
Bhaghuthanya	1998-99	906	Deficit	Wet

Table 3. Prediction of annual rainfall trend for 1967-'68 to 1926-'27 cycle by using base Tamil year cyc (60 years)

( )				*
Tamil year	English year	Rainfall (April 14 – April 13)	Predicted	Observed
Keelaga	1908-99	512	Deficit	Deficit
Showmya	1909-10	532	Normal	Normal
Satharana	1910-11	690	Deficit	Normal
Virothikiruth	1911-12	750	Normal	Normal
Parithabi	1912-13	794	Excess	Wet
Pramathesa	1913-14	418	Normal	Deficit
Anantha	1914-15	558	Deficit	Normal
Rakshasa	1915-16	568	Normal	Normal
Nala	1916-17	634	Deficit	Normal
Pingala	1917-18	574	Wet	Normal
Kalayukthi	1918-19	672	Normal	Normal
Chiththarthi	1919-20	783	Excess	Wet
Routhri	1920-21	558	Normal	Normal
Thuirmathi	1921-22	630	Normal	Normal
Thunthubi	1922-23	772	Normal	Wet
Ruthirouthkari	1923-24	511	Wet	Deficit
Rakthakshi	1924-25	1068	Wet	Excess
Kurothana	1925-26	737	Normal	Normal
Akshaya	1926-27	583	Deficit	Normal

Table 4. Particulars on the occurrence of rainfall (mm) at specific dates of a ranne year

Tamil	English year	Aani 10	Aadi 8	Aavani 6	Puratasi 4	Iyppasi 2	Karthigai 1	No. of occurrence	Total RF (mm)	Rainfall
Routhri	1980-81	.0	0	90	1,4	0	17.4	3	750.4	Normal
Thuirmathi	1981-82	5.4	0	0	0	2.0	0	2	771.4	Wet
Thunthubi	1982-83	5.6	0	0	11.0	0	0.5	m	637.9	Normal
Ruthirouthkari	1983-84	7.5	2.0	2.4	0	11.4	0	4	666.2	Normal
Rakthakshi	1984-85	0	0	15	0	0	0	-	884.5	Wet
Kurothana	1985-86	15	0	26.0	0	0	0	2	586.3	Normal
Akshaya	1986-87	2.0	0	0	0	0	0	-	507.3	Deficit
Prabava	1987-88	0	0	0	2.0	0		-	9'999	Normal
Vibava	1988-89	0	8.0	0	0	0	0		521.3	Normal
Sukkla	1989-90	0	12,4	0	17.8	0	0	2	582.1	Normal
Pramothutha	16-0661	0	0	0	0	-	0	-	568.3	Normal
Prajothpathi	1991-92	0	0	0	0	0	2.0	-	488.3	Deficit
Angirasa	1992-93	0	0	0	27.5	0	12.0	2	748.0	Normal
Srimuga	1993-94	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	663.0	Normal
Bava	1994-95	0	0	0.8	0	0	0		911.7	Wet
Yuva	1995-96	0	2.0	1.4	0	0	0	2	572.3	Normal
Thathu	1996-97	0	13.8	26.0	0	18.6	0	3	753.7	Normal
Eswara	1997-98	0	1.5	7.5	0	0	0	2	6.698	Wet
Bhaghuthanya	1998-99	0	0	1.0	0	0	0		949.0	Wet
Pramathi	1999-2000	0	1.8	0	0	1.6	0	2	598.2	Normal

Table 5. Correlation between occurrence of rainfall at specific dates and total annual rainfall

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-0.0607 NS 0.0571 NS -0.0284 NS 0.0788 NS	Karthigai 1	-0.1507 NS	-0.1580 NS	-0.1299 NS	0.4221 NS	-0.1253 NS		
	Total rainfall	-0.0544 NS	-0.0607 NS	0.0571 NS	-0.0284 NS	0.0788 NS	0.1537 NS	

\* Significant at 5% probability level

taken into account (12 years) and the rainfall quantity was classified into various categories as that of base cycle. Similarly, the preceding cycle, which was having 19 years, which ended during 1926-'27 was also taken for vertification purposes. The annual rainfall of the part of the preceding cycle also was categorized as per IMD classification.

Phase II: Relationship between occurrence of rainfall on specific dates and annual rainfall

The occurrence of rainfall during specific viz. Aanni 10, Aadi 8, Aavani 6, Puratasi 4, Iyppasi 2 and Karthigai 1 as given in the almanac was recorded for 20 years from 1980-'81 to 1999-2000. The concerned Tamil years annual rainfall was taken for correlation with the rainfall events occurred on specific dates with in the Tamil year.

## Results and Discussion

Phase 1: Repeatability of tamil year rainfall

The mean annual rainfall of Coimbatore is 644.04 mm and from this Normal (521-766mm), Wet (767-1024mm), Excess (>1024mm), Deficit (520-264mm) and Dry (263mm-6.44mm) categoies were worked out as per IMD classification. The total annual rainfall was of highly varying in nature between Tamil years in a cycle studied (Table 1).

The category of annual rainfall for the base Tamil year cycle (1927-'28 to 1986-'87) is given in Table 1. Based on the results furnished in Table 1, occurred rainfall in the subsequent and preceding Tamil year cycle were verified (Table 2 and 3).

The data revealed that in 75 per cent of the years of verification in the subsequent cycle and 58 per cent of the years of verification in the preceding cycle, there was an opposite event with respect to the rainfall category that occurred in the 60 year base cycle (Table 2 & 3). It can be further explained that if a particular Tamil year (Vibhava) in a 60-year base cycle had deficit rainfall, in the subsequent cycle that concerned Tamil year had exhibited opposite trend either with high rainfall or with normal rainfall. Similarly, the preceding cycle to the base cycle of the 60 years, there was

opposite rainfall category event. The information are interesting and it needs further probing

Phase II: Relationship between occurrence of rainfall on specific dates and annual rainfall

The details on the occurrence of rainfall at specific dates of a Tamil year are given in Table 4. The total annual rainfall and the category of rainfall of particular Tamil year are also furnished (Table 4).

From the results, it is observed that there was no relationship between the occurrence or rainfall at a specific dates and annual rainfall. This is because, during 1983-'84 (Ruthiroutkari rainfall occurred in four specific dates out osix specific dates and annual rainfall was groupe into normal and during 1993-'94 (Srimuga), there was no rainfall occurrence on specifidates but the annual rainfall was Normal. Similarly during 1986-'87 (Akshaya) and 1991-'9 (Prajothpathi), the occurrence of rainfall durin specific dates was one out of six, even the the category was under deficit.

Even though there was no correlation between rainfall at specific dates and annual rainfall, there was a significant correlation between rainfall occurrence between dates especially between Aadi 8 and Iyppasi 2 and between Aavanta 6 and Iyppasi 2 (Table 5).

#### Conclusions

The phase I analysis revealed that the annual rainfall of a particular Tamil year is a cycle was not the same for the correspondin Tamil year in the forth-coming cycle. Or can expect an opposite event. The phase analysis revealed that there was no correlation between occurrence of rainfall at specific data and total annual rainfall. But between data of rainfall within a Tamil year had correlation

#### References

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